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STATINTL

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Informed members of Congress are convinced that a drastic shakeup of the . CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY (CIA) is in the making, with Allen Dulles on his way out as head of the agency.

President Kennedy is expected to get recommendations within a few days from a task force of investigators headed by retired General Maxwell D. Taylor, former Army Chief of Staff, on possible changes in the agency's setup. The report almost certainly will not be made public.

The assumption on Capitel Hill is that Taylor, who has been aided in his survey by Attorney General Robert F. Kennedy, will be tapped to head the revamped organization. Congressional sources discount reports that Ambassador James M. Gavin, also a retired general, might be recalled from Paris to take over as administrator.

Dulles and Admiral Arleigh A. Burke, Chief of Naval Operations, ars also aiding in the Taylor inquiry.

Officials who have been kept abreast of the pregress of Taylor's inquiry believe he will recommend a separation of the intelligence and underground activities of the CIA of the type that involved it in the ill-fated Cuban invasion.

There is strong epposition among congressional leaders to transferring to the Pentagon direction of the underground action activities—those which seek to attain military objectives by guerrilla, underground or other unconventional methods.

But influential members of both parties feel that the worldwide task of gathering intelligence ought to be kept separate from clandestine efforts made to bolster anti-Communist movements.

Furthermore, these congressional officials are opposed to having the CIA evaluate the intelligence it gets. They want a separate agency, perhaps the National Security Council under the President's direction, to interpret the reports.

On the action Kennedy takes on these matters may depend the fate of a move in Congress to set up a watchdeg committee to keep tabs on what the CIA is doing, just as the Senate-House Atomic Energy Committee reviews the operations of the Atomic Energy Commission.

CIA has always epposed any such setup, largely on the grounds that its operations are so clouded with secrecy that no group outside the executive department ought to know in any detail what it is doing. The implication has been that if Congressmen know too much, there will be damaging leaks.